

SAFETY DATA SHEET KÖSTER Siloxan

According to regulation (EU) No. 2015/830

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name KÖSTER Siloxan

Product number 0800

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Waterproofing product

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier KÖSTER YAPI KİMYASALLARI İNŞ. SAN. VE TİC. A.Ş.

GEBKIM Kimya Ihtisas OSB, Atatürk Bulvarı No:6, Dilovası, 41455 Kocaeli -Turkey

Tel: +90 (262) 754 2020 www.koster.com.tr

Contact person Mazlum BUDAK (Mr) - Quality Control Manager

bilgi@koster.com.tr

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone Köster: +90 262 754 2020

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical hazards Flam. Liq. 2 - H225

Health hazards Repr. 2 - H361d Asp. Tox. 1 - H304

Environmental hazards Not Classified

2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictograms





Signal word Danger

Hazard statements H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

KÖSTER Siloxan

Precautionary statements P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Rinse skin with water or shower. P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

P410+P403 Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

Contains Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph., Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.(Note

P), Toluene

2.3. Other hazards

The substance content classified as PBT or vPvB does not exceed 0.1%.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.

60-80%

CAS number: 64742-88-7 EC number: 265-191-7 REACH registration number: 01-

2119455851-35-0006

Classification

Flam. Liq. 3 - H226

Acute Tox. 4 - H302

Acute Tox. 4 - H332

Skin Corr. 1 - H314

Eye Dam. 1 - H318

Resp. Sens. 1 - H334

Skin Sens. 1B - H317

STOT SE 2 - H371

Asp. Tox. 1 - H304

Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.(Note P)

10-20%

CAS number: 64742-95-6 EC number: 265-199-0 REACH registration number: 01-

2119455851-35-0006

Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304

KÖSTER Siloxan

Toluene 1-5%

CAS number: 108-88-3 EC number: 203-625-9 REACH registration number: 01-

2119471310-51-0010

Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Repr. 2 - H361d STOT SE 3 - H336 STOT RE 2 - H373 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

the substance contains less

than 0,1 % w/w benzene (EINECS No 200-753-7).

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information If in doubt, get medical attention promptly. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical

personnel.

Inhalation Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. Get medical attention if symptoms

are severe or persist.

Ingestion Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. If in doubt, get medical attention promptly. Do not induce

vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel.

Skin contact Rinse with water. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Get medical attention promptly if symptoms occur after washing.

Eye contact Rinse with water. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Protection of first aiders First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the

length of exposure.

Inhalation Vapours may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Vapours may cause

drowsiness and dizziness.

Ingestion May cause stomach pain or vomiting. Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

Skin contact Slightly irritating.

Eye contact No specific symptoms known. May be slightly irritating to eyes.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire-

extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards

Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Flammable liquid and vapour. Vapours may be ignited by a spark, a hot surface or an ember. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Fire-water run-off in sewers may create fire or explosion hazard.

Hazardous combustion

products

Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours. Asphyxiating gases. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon monoxide (CO).

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during firefighting

Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.

Special protective equipment for firefighters

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming to European standard EN469 (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions

Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Evacuate area. Provide adequate ventilation. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up

Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Do not allow material to enter confined spaces, due to the risk of explosion. Once evaporation is complete, place paper in a suitable waste disposal container and seal securely. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Inform authorities if large amounts are involved. Large Spillages: Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections

For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions

Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Handle all packages and containers carefully to minimise spills. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid the formation of mists. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do not reuse empty containers.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Keep out of the reach of children. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Keep

away from oxidising materials, heat and flames. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect

containers from damage.

Storage class Flammable liquid storage.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Toluene

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): 50 ppm 192 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): 100 ppm 384 mg/m³

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment







Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Use explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposure.

Eye/face protection

Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible.

Hand protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374. The breakthrough time for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. When used with mixtures, the protection time of gloves cannot be accurately estimated. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. Wear protective gauntlets made of the following material: Polyvinyl chloride (PVC). Butyl rubber.

Other skin and body protection

Wear apron or protective clothing in case of contact.

Hygiene measures

Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Respiratory protection

If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Environmental exposure controls

Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Colourless liquid. **Appearance**

Colour Clear.

Odour Characteristic.

Odour threshold No information available. Ηα No information available.

Melting point No information available.

Initial boiling point and range No information available.

Flash point >23°C

Evaporation rate No information available.

Evaporation factor No information available.

Flammability (solid, gas) No information available.

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

No information available.

No information available. Other flammability

No information available. Vapour pressure

No information available. Vapour density

Relative density No information available.

Bulk density 0,78 - 0,81 g/cm3

Solubility(ies) No information available.

Partition coefficient No information available.

Auto-ignition temperature No information available.

Decomposition Temperature No information available.

Viscosity No information available.

No information available. **Explosive properties**

Oxidising properties Not known.

9.2. Other information

Critical temperature

Refractive index No information available. No information available. Particle size Molecular weight No information available. Volatility No information available. Saturation concentration No information available. No information available.

KÖSTER Siloxan

Volatile organic compound The product contains a maximum of 100% VOC (Volatile Organic Compound).

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the

prescribed storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

The following materials may react with the product: Oxidising agents.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Containers can burst violently or explode

when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Static electricity and formation of sparks

must be prevented.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Oxidising agents. Acids - oxidising.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition

products

Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin corrosion/irritation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitroBased on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Genotoxicity - in vivoBased on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Reproductive toxicity -

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

development

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.

KÖSTER Siloxan

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Entry into the lungs following ingestion or

vomiting may cause chemical pneumonitis.

Inhalation Prolonged or repeated exposure to vapours in high concentrations may cause the following

adverse effects: May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Vapours may cause drowsiness and

dizziness.

Ingestion May cause stomach pain or vomiting.

Skin contact Slightly irritating. Redness.

Eye contact May be slightly irritating to eyes. Redness. Prolonged contact may cause redness and/or

tearing.

Route of exposure Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact

Target organs No specific target organs known.

Toxicological information on ingredients.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.

Acute toxicity - oral

ATE oral (mg/kg) 500.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

ATE inhalation (vapours 11.0

mg/l)

Methanol

Acute toxicity - oral

ATE oral (mg/kg) 100.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 300.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

ATE inhalation (vapours 3.0

mg/l)

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. However, large or frequent spills may have

hazardous effects on the environment.

12.1. Toxicity

Toxicity No information available.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The degradability of the product is not known.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient No information available.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility No information available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects Not known.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. This material and

its container must be disposed of in a safe way. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out.

Disposal methods

Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the

local Waste Disposal Authority.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

UN No. (ADR/RID) 1993

UN No. (IMDG) 1993

UN No. (ICAO) 1993

UN No. (ADN) 1993

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name

(ADR/RID)

FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Solvent naphta (petroleum), light arom.

Proper shipping name (IMDG) FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Solvent naphta (petroleum),light arom.

Proper shipping name (ICAO) FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Solvent naphta (petroleum),light arom.

Proper shipping name (ADN) FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.(Solvent naphta (petroleum),light arom.

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID class 3

ADR/RID classification code F1

ADR/RID label 3

IMDG class 3

ICAO class/division 3

ADN class 3

Transport labels



14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID packing group II

IMDG packing group

ICAO packing group

ADN packing group

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant

No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

EmS F-E, S-E

ADR transport category 2

Emergency Action Code •3YE

Hazard Identification Number

(ADR/RID)

Tunnel restriction code (D/E)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

33

Uygulanamaz

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (as amended).

The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment

Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 1348) (as amended) ["CDG 2009"].

EU legislation Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as

amended).

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Classification abbreviations

and acronyms

Flam. Liq. = Flammable liquid Asp. Tox. = Aspiration hazard

Repr. = Reproductive toxicity

Revision comments Revised classification.

Issued by Mazlum Budak Sertifikalı GBF hazırlayıcısı Sertifika No: GBF01.35.06 Sertifika alım tarihi:

06.07.2019

Revision date 28/08/2020

Revision 5.0

Supersedes date 04/08/2011

SDS number 4590

Hazard statements in full H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.